# SAFETY DATA SHEET



 DATE ISSUED :
 12/23/2015

 SDS REF. No :
 7760-73349

7760-73349 GRAY EPOXY PRIMER

## **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

PRODUCT NAME: 7760-73349 GRAY EPOXY PRIMER

**PRODUCT CODE:**7760-73349**PRODUCT USE:**Industrial Solventborne Paint

MANUFACTURER

Cardinal Industrial Finishes 1329 Potrero Ave

24 HR. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER CHEMTREC (US Transportation): (800)424-9300 CHEMTREC (International : 1(202)483-7616 Transportation) WEB: WWW.CARDINALPAINT.COM

S. El Monte, CA, 626 444-9274

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### PICTOGRAMS



**SIGNAL WORD :** DANGER

## **HAZARD STATEMENTS :**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS :**

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

P501 Dispose of in accordance to Local, Regional, State, Federal and International Regulations.

R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

S36 Wear suitable protective clothing.

S37 Wear suitable gloves.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	Weight %	CAS Number
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	35% - 40%	78-93-3
P.M. Acetate	10% - 15%	108-65-6

Titanium Dioxide	5% - 10%	13463-67-7	
Carbon Black	0.10% - 0.50%	1333-86-4	

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures.

**EYES CONTACT :** Flush with large quantities of water for 15 to 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Keep eyes wide open while rising. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

**SKIN CONTACT :** Wash exposed area with mild soap and water for 15 to 30 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Repeated exposure may cause dryness or cracking.

**INGESTION :** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep victim warm and seek immediate attention.

**INHALATION :** Remove to fresh air and keep in a position comfortable to breath. Call a doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed. Symptoms/injuries: Eye irritation

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Cause serious eye irritation. Symptoms/injuries after ingestion: Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed. If medical advise is needed, have product container or label on hand.

## **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA :** In the event of a fire, use specifically suitable extinguishing agents. Suitable extinguishing media: Foam, alcohol resistant foam, CO2, water fog. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use heavy water stream. A heavy water stream my spread burning liquid.

**FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURE :** Firefighting instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering the environment. Protection during firefighting: Firefighters should wear full protective gear. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in pressure demand or other positive pressure modes.

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD :** Fire hazard: Highly flammable/liquid or vapor. Explosive hazard: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES :

General measures: Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No smoking.

#### FOR NON-EMERGENCY PERSONNEL :

For non-Emergency procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

## FOR EMERGENCY RESPONDERS :

Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing fume, vapors.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS :**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

#### METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEAN UP :

Collect damaged aerosols and use absorbent and/or inert material, then place in suitable container.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING :** Additional hazards when processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Precautions for safe handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when you are leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use outdoors or in a well ventilated area. Avoid breathing fume, vapors. Hygiene measures: Wash Skin thoroughly after handling.

# **CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING INCOMPATIBILITIES :** Storage conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place away from: Heat sources. Direct sunlight.

Incompatible products: Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials: Source of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat Sources.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS\PERSONAL PROTECTION

JIGA ACGH         ACGH (TLV) TWA         25 ppm.           USA NICSH         NICSH (REL) TWA         25 ppm. 150 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA (OEL) TWA Table Z-1         50 ppm. 290 mg/m3           Muminum Hydroxide(21645-51-2)         I0 mg/m3 (Total dust), 3 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction).         300 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGH (TLV) TWA         10 mg/m3 (Total dust), 3 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction).         300 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm.         300 mg/m3           USA ASHA         OSHA CARC STEL         5 ppm.         500 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TRU (Table Z-1-A)         5 ppm.         500 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         300 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         300 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         300 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         300 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (	2,6-DIMETHYL-4-HEPTANONE(108	3-83-8)	
USA NIOSH         NIOSH (REL) TWA         25 ppm, 150 mg/m3           Aluminum Hydroxide(21645-51-2)         So pAR (OEL) TWA Table Z-1         50 ppm, 290 mg/m3           Aluminum Hydroxide(21645-51-2)         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         10 mg/m3 (Total dust), 3 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction)           USA ACGIH         OSHA (PEL) TWA         15 mg/m3 (Total dust), 5 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction)           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CRC FEL         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CRC FEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CRC FEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TUX (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TUX (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TUX (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA A			25 nnm
USA OSHA         OSHA (OEL) TWA Table Z-1         50 ppm, 290 mg/m3           Muminum Hydroxide(21645-51-2)         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         10 mg/m3 (Total dust), 3 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction)           USA ACGIH         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         15 mg/m3 (Trad dust), 3 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction)           USA ACGIH         ACGIH YTEL         2.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         5 ppm           USA ASGHA         OSHA CRE CFEL         5 ppm           USA ASGHA         OSHA CRE CFEL         5 ppm           USA ASGHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           USA ASGHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGH         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-B)         5 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA ACGH         ACGIH TLV) TWA         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA ACGH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGH         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1         0.0 mg/m3           USA ACGH         ACGIH			
Aluminum Hydroxide(21645-51-2)         ACGIH         TLV) TWA         10 mg/m3 (Total dust), 3 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction)           USA ACGIH         OSHA (PEL) TWA         15 mg/m3 (Total dust), 5 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction)           USA ACGIH         ACGIH STEL         2.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA OSHA         0.5 HA CARC STEL         1 ppm           USA OSHA         0.5 HA CARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         0.5 HA CARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         0.5 HA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         5 ppm           USA OSHA         0.5 HA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (TWA         50 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (TWA) REL         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			
USA ACCIH         ACGI (TLV) TWA         (10 mg/m3 (Total dust), 3 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction))           USA OSHA         OSHA (PEL) TWA         (15 mg/m3 (Total dust), 5 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction))           BENZENE(71-43-2)         (Respirable fraction)         (Respirable fraction)           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC FEL         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC FEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TRU         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TRU         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TRU (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TRU (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TRU (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TUV (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TUV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TUV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TUV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         5			30 ppm, 290 mg/ms
Construct         (Respirable fraction)           USA OSHA         OSHA (PEL) TWA         15 mg/m3 (Tptal dust), 5 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction)           USA ACGIH         ACGIH STEL         2.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA ASHA         OSHA CARC, Fell         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC, Table 2-1-A)         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC, Table 2-1-A)         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table 2-1-A)         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table 2-1-A)         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table 2-1-A)         1 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH			10 mg/m3 (Total dust) 3 mg/m3
USA OSHA         OSHA (PEL) TWA         (15 mg/m3 (Tptal dust), 5 mg/m3 (Respirable fraction)           BENZENE(71-43-2)         (Respirable fraction)           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC FEL         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TRU (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TRU (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TRU (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TRU (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TUV (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TUV (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA) Table Z-1         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3           USA A	USA ACGIN	ACGIII (IEV) IWA	
BENZENE(71-43-2)         (Respirable fraction)           USA ACGIH         ACGIH STEL         2.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         OSHA CARC FEL         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           Carbon Black(133-86-4)         USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3			
BENZENE(71-43-2)         ACGIH STEL         2.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TVA         0.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TVA         0.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         OSHA CARC PEL         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA ATWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           Carbon Black(1333-86-4)         USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA AEL (Tw/mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         Sepm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         Sepm           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3         Sepm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         Sepm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         50 ppm         Sepm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         Sepm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH STEL         0.2 mg/m3         Sepm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         Sepm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         Sepm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH <td>034 03114</td> <td>OSHA (FEE) TWA</td> <td></td>	034 03114	OSHA (FEE) TWA	
USA ACGIH         ACGIH STEL         2.5 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC PEL         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           Carbon Black(1333-66-4)         USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA) Table Z-1         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TYAN         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA         USA ACGIH         0.2 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         USA ACGIH         0.1 mg/m3         USA ACGIH           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         USA ACGIH         0.1 mg/m3	BEN7ENE(71-43-2)		
USA ACCIH         ACGIH TWA         0.5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC FEL         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CIEL (Table Z-1-A)         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA FEL (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA (Table Z-1         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         NIOSH (TWA) REL         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH         No data available.           USA ACGIH <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>2 5 ppm</td></t<>			2 5 ppm
USA OSHA         OSHA CARC PEL         1 pm           USA OSHA         OSHA CRC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA ARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA XWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           Carbon Black(1333-86-4)         USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         Maximum           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         Maximum           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         Maximum           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mA) Rale         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3         Maximum           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3         Maximum           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3			
USA OSHA         OSHA CARC STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA CTEL (Table Z-1-A)         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           Carbon Black(1333-86-4)         USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm         Commercities           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3         Commercities           USA ACGIH         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         50 ppm         Commercities           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA) Table Z-1         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3         Commercities           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         Table Z-1         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3         Commercities           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         Commercities         Commercities           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         Commercities         Commercities           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         1.0 mg/m3         Commercities         Commercities           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         1.0 mg/m3         Commercities         Commercities           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         1.0 mg/m3         Commercities         Commercities           USA ACGIH         ACGIH T			
USA OSHA         OSHA CIEL (Table Z-1-A)         S pm           USA OSHA         OSHA STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           Carbon Black(1333-86-4)			
USA OSHA         OSHA STEL         5 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1A)         1 ppm           Carbon Black(1333-86-4)         3.0 mg/m3         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           Cumene(98-82-8)			
USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)         1 ppm           Carbon Black(1333-86-4)			
Carbon Black(1333-86-4)         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           Cumene(98-82-8)         USA ACGIH         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         50 ppm           USA ACGIH         NIOSH (TWA) REL         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3         USA ACGIH           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TVA         05 ppm, 245 mg/m3         USA ACGIH           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TVA         0.1 mg/m3         USA ACGIH           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TVA         0.1 mg/m3         USA ACGIH           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         USA ACGIH           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         USA ACGIH           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (Table Z-1)         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA (Table Z-			
USA ACGIH         ACGIH TLV (mg/m3)         3.0 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           Cumene(98-82-8)         Soppm         Soppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         50 ppm           USA NIOSH         NIOSH (TWA) REL         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA (TWA) Table Z-1         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           Dibutyltin Dilaurate(77-58-7)         USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGH         OSHA PEL (Table Z-1)         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL TWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA         No data available.           USA OSHA         OSHA         No data available.           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL         100 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL         100 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL         100 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL <td< td=""><td></td><td>  OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)</td><td>  1 ppm</td></td<>		OSHA TWA (Table Z-1-A)	1 ppm
USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (mg/m3)         3.5 mg/m3           Cumene(98-82-8)			
Cumene(98-82-8)           USA ACGIH         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         50 ppm           USA NIOSH         NIOSH (TWA) REL         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA (TWA) Table Z-1         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           Dibutyltin Dilaurate(77-58-7)         USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH         No data available.         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH         No data available.         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH         No data available.         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         50 ppm         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         50 ppm         0.0 pm, 300 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA (ppm)         200 ppm         0.0 pm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA (ppm)         200 ppm         0.0 pm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA (ppm)			
USA ACGIH         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         50 ppm           USA NIOSH         NIOSH (TWA) REL         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA (TWA) Table Z-1         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           Dibutyltin Dilaurate(77-58-7)         """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (mg/m3)	3.5 mg/m3
USA ACGIH         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         50 ppm           USA NIOSH         NIOSH (TWA) REL         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA (TWA) Table Z-1         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           Dibutyltin Dilaurate(77-58-7)         """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""			
USA NIOSH         NIOSH (TWA) REL         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA (TWA) Table Z-1         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           Dibutytitin Dilaurate(77-58-7)         50 zmg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH STEL         0.2 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         0.1 mg/m3           USA NOSH         NIOSH REL         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (Table Z-1)         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (Table Z-1)         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA ATWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA ATWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA ATWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA         No data available.           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL         100 ppm           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL         100 ppm.           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)         100 ppm           USA ACGIH		ACGIH (TLV) TWA	
USA OSHA         OSHA (TWA) Table Z-1         50 ppm, 245 mg/m3           Dibutytin Dilaurate(77-58-7)         USA ACGIH         ACGIH STEL         0.1 mg/m3           USA ACGIH         ACGIH STEL         0.1 mg/m3         USA ACGIH           USA NIOSH         NIOSH REL         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (Table Z-1)         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1A)         0.1 mg/m3         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH         No data available.         USA OSHA         USA OSHA           USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         50 ppm         USA ACGIH         USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         S0 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH STEL (ppm)         100 ppm         USA OSHA         USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (TBEL) (ppm)         100 ppm           USA ACGIH         ACGIH STEL (ppm)         100 ppm         USA OSHA         USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (TWA (mg/m3)         410 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA PEL (TWA (mg/m3)         410 mg/m3         USA OSHA         USA OSHA         USA OSHA </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
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USA ACGIH         ACGIH TWA         20 ppm           USA NIOSH         NIOSH REL         100 ppm, 435 mg/m3           USA NIOSH         NIOSH REL (ST)         125 ppm, 545 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA STEL         125 ppm, 545 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1)         100 ppm, 435 mg/m3           TALC(14807-96-6)         USA ACGIH         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         2 mg/m3			125 nnm
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USA NIOSH         NIOSH REL (ST)         125 ppm, 545 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA STEL         125 ppm, 545 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1)         100 ppm, 435 mg/m3           TALC(14807-96-6)         USA ACGIH         Z mg/m3			
USA OSHA         OSHA STEL         125 ppm, 545 mg/m3           USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1)         100 ppm, 435 mg/m3           TALC(14807-96-6)         USA ACGIH         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         2 mg/m3			
USA OSHA         OSHA TWA (Table Z-1)         100 ppm, 435 mg/m3           TALC(14807-96-6)         USA ACGIH         2 mg/m3			
TALC(14807-96-6)         ACGIH (TLV) TWA         2 mg/m3			125 ppm, 545 mg/m3
USA ACGIH ACGIH (TLV) TWA 2 mg/m3		USHA IWA (Table Z-1)	1 100 ppm, 435 mg/m3
USA NIOSH NIOSH (REL) TWA 2 mg/m3			
	USA NIOSH	NIOSH (REL) TWA	2 mg/m3

USA OSHA	OSHA (Table Z-3) Mineral Dusts TWA	20 Million particles per cubic foot			
Titanium Dioxide(13463-67-7)	Titanium Dioxide(13463-67-7)				
PEL (Permissible Exposure Limit)	OSHA TWA	15 mg/m3			
TLV	ACGIH TWA	10 mg/m3			
Toluene(108-88-3)					
USA ACGIH ACGIH TWA 20 ppm					
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ST)	150 ppm, 560 mg/m3			
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA	100 ppm, 375 mg/m3			
USA OSHA	OSHA STEL (PO)	150 ppm, 560 mg/m3			
USA OSHA	OSHA TWA (PO)	100 ppm, 375 ppm			
USA OSHA	OSHA TWA (Table Z-2)	200 ppm			
Xylene(1330-20-7)					
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL	150 ppm			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA	100 ppm			
USA OSHA	OSHA TWA (Table Z-1)	100 PPM, 435 mg/m3			

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION :** If TLV of the product or any component is exceeded, a NIOSH approved dust respirator is advised in absence of environmental control. OSHA Regulations also permit other NIOSH dust respirators under specified conditions. (See your Safety Equipment Supplier) Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

**HAND PROTECTION REMARKS :** The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

**EYES PROTECTION :** Eye wash bottle with pure water.

Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Where face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

**SKIN AND BODY PROTECTION :** Wear impervious clothing. Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

**WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	:	Liquid
Color		
		Various colors depending on the pigmentation.
Odor	:	Characteristic. Sweet. Mint like.
Odor threshold	:	No data available.
Ph	:	N/A – See Technical Data Sheet
Evaporation rate	:	Slower Than Ether
Melting point	:	-94.7 C (-138.46 F)
Freezing point	:	No data available.
Boiling point	:	175.0 deg F TO 294.0 deg F
Flash point	:	24.00 deg F
Lower explosion limit	:	1.5
Upper explosion limit	:	11.0
Vapor pressure	:	185 mm Hg
Vapor density	:	Heavier than air
Relative density	:	No data available.
Density	:	9.6160
Solubility	:	No data available.
Partion coefficient: n-	:	No data available.
octanol/water		
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available.

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**REACTIVITY :** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**CHEMICAL STABILITY :** Stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID : Heat, flames and sparks. Extremely high temperatures and direct sunlight.

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS :** Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), dense black smoke.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

2,6-DIMETHYL-4-HEPTA	NONE(108-83-8)
Additional Information	RTECS: Not available To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological
	properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human
	Evidence Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence (2,6-Dimethylheptan-4-one).
Aspiration hazard	No data available.
available Serious eye	No data available.
damage/eye irritation	
Carcinogenicity	IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH. NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by NTP. OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
Dermal	No data available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available.
Inhalation	No data available.
Oral Toxicity	No data available.
Reproductive toxicity	No data available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No data available.
Skin	No data available.
corrosion/irritation	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No data available.
Specific target organ	No data available.
toxicity - single	
exposure	
Aluminum Hydroxide(21	645-51-2)
Additional Information	RTECS: BD0940000 Nausea, Vomiting, and Constipation.
Aspiration hazard	No data available.
Carcinogenicity	IARC: No components of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH. NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen by OSHA.
Dermal	No data available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Mouse lymphocyte Result- negative Mutagenicity (micronucleus test) Rat - male Result: negative
Inhalation	No data available.
LD50 Oral - Rat -	>5,000 mg/kg, Oral - Rat - female
female - Acute toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity	No data available.
Respiratory or skin	Maximization Test (GPMT) - Guinea pig Result- Does not cause skin sensitization.(OECD Test
sensitization	Guideline 406)
Serious eye	Eyes - Rabbit Result: No eye irritation (OECD Test Guideline 405)
damage/eye irritation	
Skin	Skin - Rabbit Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)
corrosion/irritation	``````````````````````````````````````
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No data available.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No data available.
Amorphous Silica(7631-	86-9)
Additional toxicological	The product is not subject to classification according ot internally approved calculation methods
information	for preparations: When used and handled according to specifications, the product does not have any harmful effects according to our experience and information provided to us.
	I any name and a debrang to bar experience and mornation provided to do

Irritant of skin	Not irritating (rabbit) (OCED 404)
Irritatant of eyes	Not irritating (rabbit) (OCED 404)
LC0 - Inhalative	>140->2000 mg/m3 / 4 h (Rat) (OCED 403)
LD50 - Dermal - Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LD50 - Oral - Rat	>5000 mg/kg (Rat) (OECD 401)
Other information -	=> 1340  mg/kg/day
Oral	
Sensitization	Not sensitizating (guinea pig) (OCED 406)
BENZENE(71-43-2)	
Aspiration toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Substances known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or to be regarded as if they cause human aspiration toxicity hazard.
Carcinogenicity	Species: rat Sex: female Dose: 0, 25, 50, 250 mg/kg Exposure time: 103 wks Number of exposures: daily, 5 days/week Test substance: yes Remarks: zymbal gland carcinomas, squamous cell papillomas Species: rat Sex: male Dose: 0, 50, 100, 200 mg/kg Exposure time: 103 wks Number of exposures: daily, 5 days/week Test substance: yes Remarks: zymbal gland carcinomas, squamous cell papillomas Species: mouse Sex: male and female Dose: 25, 50, 100 mg/kg Exposure time: 103 wks Number of exposures: daily, 5 days/week: Clear evidence of multiple organ carcinogenicity.
CMR effects	Carcinogenicity: Human carcinogen. Mutagenicity: In vivo tests showed mutagenic effects Teratogenicity: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Reproductive toxicity: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.
Eye irritation	May cause irreversible eye damage.
Further information	Chronic Health Hazard. Solvents may degrease the skin.
LC50 Dermal	44.5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Species: rat Sex: Not Specified Test atmosphere: vapor
LD50	> 8,260 mg/kg Species: rabbit
LD50 Oral	> 2,000 mg/kg Species: rat Sex: female
Repeated dose toxicity	Species: rat, female Sex: female. Application Route: oral gavage Dose: 0, 25, 50, 100 mg/kg Exposure time: 103 wk Number of exposures: 5 d/wk NOEL: < 25 mg/kg Lowest observable effect level: 25 mg/kg Species: rat, male Sex: male Application Route: oral gavage Dose: 0, 50, 100, 200 mg/kg Exposure time: 103 wk Number of exposures: 5 d/wk NOEL: < 50 mg/kg Lowest observable effect level: 50 mg/kg Species: mouse Application Route: oral gavage Dose: 0, 25, 50,100 mg/kg Exposure time: 103 wk NOEL: < 25 mg/kg
Sensitization	Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.
Skin irritation	May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.
Carbon Black(1333-86-4	
ACGIH	ACGIH The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists classifies carbon black as
	A4, Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.
Carcinogenicity	GHS- Not a hazardous substance or preparation according to the Global Harmonized System
Classification Human Epidemiology	(GHS). Results of epidemiological studies of carbon black production workers suggest that cumulative
	exposure to carbon black may result in small decrements in lung function, as measured by FEV1. A recent U.S. respiratory morbidity study suggested a 27 mL decline in FEV1 from a 1 mg/m3 (inhalable fraction) exposure over a 40-year period. An older European investigation suggested an exposure to 1 mg/m3 (inhalable fraction) of carbon black over a 40-year working-lifetime will result in a 48 mL decline in FEV1. In contrast, normal age related decline over a similar period of time would be approximately 1200 ml. The relationship between symptoms and exposure to carbon black is less clear. In the U.S. study, 9% of the highest exposure group (in contrast to 5% of the unexposed group) reported symptoms consistent with chronic bronchitis. In the European study, methodological limitations in the administration of the questionnaire limit the drawing of definitive conclusions about symptoms.
Human Epidemiology - cont	Since this IARC evaluation of carbon black, Sorahan and Harrington 16) re-analyzed the UK study data using an alternative exposure hypothesis and found a positive association with carbon black exposure in two of the five plants. The same exposure hypothesis was applied by Morfeld and McCunney 17-18) to the German cohort; in contrast, they found no association between carbon black exposure and lung cancer risk and, thus, no support for the alternative exposure hypothesis used by Sorahan and Harrington 16).
Human Epidemiology - cont.	Morfeld and McCunney 19) applied a Bayesian approach to unravel the role of uncontrolled confounders and identified smoking and prior exposure to occupational carcinogens received before being hired in the carbon black industry as main causes of the observed lung cancer excess risk. Overall, as a result of these detailed investigations, no causative link between carbon black exposure and cancer risk in humans has been demonstrated. This view is consistent with the IARC evaluation in 2006. Several epidemiological and clinical studies of workers in the carbon black production industries show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black. No dose response relationship was observed in workers exposed to carbon black.
Human Epidemiology - cont.	This study, however, indicated a link between carbon black and small opacities on chest films, with negligible effects on lung function. A study on carbon black production workers in the UK 10) found an increased risk of lung cancer in two of the five plants studied; however, the increase was not related to the dose of carbon black. Thus, the authors did not consider the increased risk in lung cancer to be due to carbon black exposure. A German study of carbon

	black workers at one plant 11-14) found a similar increase in lung cancer risk but, like the 2001 UK study 10), found no association with carbon black exposure. In contrast, a large US study 15) of 18 plants showed a reduction in lung cancer risk in carbon black production workers. Based upon these studies, the February 2006 Working Group at IARC concluded that the human evidence for carcinogenicity was inadequate 1).
IARC	IARC In 1995 IARC concluded, "There is inadequate evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of carbon black." Based on rat inhalation studies IARC concluded that there is, "sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of carbon black," IARC's overall evaluation was that, "Carbon black is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B)". This conclusion was based on IARC's guidelines, which require such a classification if one species exhibits carcinogenicity in two or more studies. IARC performed another review in 2006, and
	again classified carbon black as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). In its 1987 review IARC concluded, "There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of carbon black extracts." Carbon black extracts are classified as, possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).
LD50 (Rat)	>8000 mg/kg
Mutagenic Effects and Germ Cell Mutagenicity	In an experimental investigation, mutational changes in the heart gene were reported in alveolar epithelial cells in the rat following inhalation exposure to carbon black. This observation is believed to be rat specific and a consequence of "lung overload" which led to chronic inflammation and release of genotoxic oxygen species. This mechanism is considered to be a secondary genotoxic effect and thus, carbon black itself would not be considered to be mutagenic. Carbon black is not suitable to be tested in bacterial (Ames test) and other in vitro
NIOSH	systems because of its insolubility in aqueous solutions. When tested, however, results for carbon black showed no mutagenic effects. Organic solvent extracts of carbon black can, however, contain traces of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). A study to examine the bioavailability of these PAHs showed that PAHs are very tightly bound to carbon black and not bioavailable.
	NIOSH The U.S. National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) 1978 criteria document on carbon black recommends that only carbon blacks with PAH contaminant levels greater than 0.1% require the measurement of PAHs in air. As some PAHs are possible human carcinogens, NIOSH recommends an exposure limit of 0.1 mg/m3 for PAHs in air, measured as the cyclohexane-extractable fraction.
NTP	NTP Carbon black is not designated a carcinogen by the U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP), the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) or the European Union (EU).
Reproductive and Teratogenic Effects	No experimental studies on effects of carbon black on fertility and reproduction have been located. However, based on toxicokinetic data, carbon black is deposited in the lungs and based on its specific physicochemical properties (insolubility, low absorption potential), it is not likely to distribute in the body to reach reproductive organs, embryo and/or fetus under in vivo conditions. Therefore, no adverse effects of carbon black to fertility/reproduction or to fetal development are expected. No effects have been reported in long-term animal studies.
Sensitization	No animal data is available. No cases in humans have been reported.
STOT- repeated exposure	Therefore, no STOT, Repeated exposure classification is made.
STOT- single exposure	Inhalation studies with the rat showed lung effects (see Section 11.2 and 11.3), these effects are believed to be the effects of "lung overload" 1 and these effects are believed to be specific to the species. In addition, the European CLP Regulation states that no classification is necessary if the mechanism is not relevant to humans. 4) Also, the CLP Guidance on classification and labeling states that the "lung overload" mechanism is not relevant to humans. 4) Therefore, no STOT, Repeated Exposure classification is made
Cumene(98-82-8)	
Additional Information	RTECS: GR8575000
Aspiration hazard	No data available.
Carcinogenicity	Carcinogenicity IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Cumene) ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH. NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
Dermal	No data available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	invitro assay, S. typhimurium, Result: negative
Inhalation: LD50 Oral - Rat - Acute toxicity	No data available. 2,260 mg/kg,
Reproductive toxicity	No data available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Guinea pig - Result: No skin irritation. (OECD Test Guideline 406)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Eyes - Rabbit Result: No skin irritation. (OECD Test Guideline 405)
Skin corrosion/irritation	Skin - Rabbit Result: No skin irritation. (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Specific target organ	No data available.
toxicity - repeated	
exposure	
Specific target organ toxicity - single	No data available.
exposure	
Dibutyltin Dilaurate(77-	58-7)
Chronic Health Hazard	Dibutyltin compounds have shown reproductive and immunotoxic effects in laboratory animals.
chi onic mealth mazaru	Abnormalities noted at necropsy of animals treated with 2000 mg/kg of dibutyltin dilaurate were
	hemorrhagic lungs, dark liver, dark kidneys, hemorrhage of gastric mucosa, hemorrhage of the
	large and small intestines, enlarged bile duct and behavioral and central nervous system effects.
	Decreased fertility was seen in hens following dietary administration equal to 78 mg/kg.
Eye irritation/corrosion	Severe eye irritation.
Inhalation	No data is available on the product itself.
LD50 - Rabbit (Dermal)	> 2,000 mg/kg, Method : Estimated.
LD50 - Rat (Ingestion)	> 2,000 mg/kg
Skin	Severe skin irritation. Corrosive to the skin of a rabbit.
irritation/corrosion	
Ethylene glycol mono ph	
Additional Information	RTECS: KM0350000 To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological
	properties have not been thoroughly investigated.
Aspiration hazard	No data available
Carcinogenicity	IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified
	as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. ACGIH: No component of this
	product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential
	carcinogen by ACGIH. NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. OSHA: No component of this
	product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential
	carcinogen by OSHA.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available.
Inhalation	No data available.
LD50 Dermal - Rat	14,422 mg/kg - Rat - Dermal. Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Acute pulmonary
	edema.
LD50 Oral - Rat - Acute	1,260 mg/kg - Rat - Oral. Remarks: Behavioral: General anesthetic. Gastrointestinal: Other
Toxicity	changes. Kidney, Urethra, Bladder: Other changes.
Reproductive toxicity	No data available. May cause reproductive disorders.
Respiratory or skin	No data available.
sensitization	
Serious eye	Eyes - Rabbit Result: Moderate eye irritation.
damage/eye irritation	
Skin	Skin - Rabbit Result: Mild skin irritation - 24 h
corrosion/irritation	
Specific target organ	No data available
toxicity - repeated	
exposure Specific target organ	Ne data available
Specific target organ toxicity - single	No data available.
exposure	
Isobutyl Alcohol(78-83-1	
Carcinogenicity Data:	The ingredient(s) of this product is (are) not classified as carcinogenic by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA or
carentogeneity Data	NTP.
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	8000 ppm; (4 h)
LD50 Dermal - Rabbit	3400 mg/kg
LD50 Oral - Rat (Acute	2460 mg/kg
Toxicity)	
Mutagenicity Data:	No adverse mutagenicity effects are anticipated.
Reproductive Data:	No adverse reproductive effects are anticipated.
Respiratory / Skin	None known.
Sensitization Data:	
Synergistic Materials:	Alcohols may interact synergistically with chlorinated solvents (example - carbon tetrachloride,
	chloroform, bromotrichloromethane), dithiocarbamates (example - disulfiram),
	dimethylnitrosamine and thioacetamide.
Tetragenicity Data:	No adverse Tetragenicity effects are anticipated.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone(78-	
Aspiration toxicity	Product: May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.
Carcinogenicity	Remarks: This information is not available, Carcinogenicity-Assement: Not classified as a human carcinogen.
Further information	Product Remarks: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.,
	j and vomung.,

Germ cell mutagenicity	Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Ames test, Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic
LC50 (mouse)	activation, Method OECD Test Guideline 471 320 mg/l (4 h exposure)
inhalation	
LC50 (rat) Oral	3737 mg/kg
LD50 (rabbit) dermal	6,480 mg/kg
Reproductive toxicity	Effects on fetal development, Species: rat female, Application Route: Inhalation, Dose: 400, 1000, 3000 ppm,
Respiratory or skin sensitsation	Test Type: Buehler Test, Species guinea pig, Method OECD Test Guideline 406, Result: Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.
Serious eye damage/ eye irritation	Remarks: Severe skin irritation, Species rabbit, Exposure time 24 h, Result: Irritation to eyes
Skin corrosion/irritation	Remarks: Moderate skin irritation, Species rabbit, Exposure time 24 h, Result: Mild skin irritation
STOT - repeated exposure	Product: No data available, Components: No data available.
STOT - single exposure	Product: Target Organs: Cental Nervous system, Components: Exposure routes: Inhalation, Product: Target Organs: Central Nervous system
n-Butyl Acetate(123-86-	
Aspiration hazard	No data available.
Carcinogenicity	No data available.
Inhalation	No data available.
LD-50 Dermal -	> 16ml/kg
(Rabbit)	
LD-50 Óral - (Rat)	14,130 mg/kg
Mutagenicity	In vitro: No data available. In vivo: No data available.
Other adverse effects:	No data available.
Repeated dose toxicity	No data available.
Reproductive toxicity	No data available.
Respiratory or skin	Skin Sensitization:, (Guinea Pig) - non-sensitizing.
sensitization	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	(Rabbit, 24 h): none
Skin	(Rabbit, 24 h): none
corrosion/irritation	
Specific target organ	No data available.
toxicity - repeated	
exposure	
Specific target organ	Narcotic effect.
toxicity - single	
exposure	
P.M. Acetate(108-65-6)	
Aspiration hazard	No data available.
Carcinogenicity	No data available.
LC50 - Inhalation Rat LD50 - Dermal - Rabbit	>4345 ppm (Rat, 6 h) >5000 mg/kg
LD50 - Dermai - Rabbit LD50 - Oral - Rat	6,190 mg/kg
Mutagenicity	In vitro: No data available. In vivo: No data available.
Other adverse effects	No data available.
Repeated dose toxicity	No data available.
Reproductive toxicity.	No data available.
Respiratory or skin	Skin Sensitization:, (Guinea Pig) - non-sensitizing
sensitization	
Serious eye	(Rabbit): very slight
damage/eye irritation	
Skin	Specified substance(s) 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (Rabbit, 4 h): none (Rabbit, 24 h):
corrosion/irritation	none.
Specific target organ	No data available.
toxicity - repeated exposure	
Specific target organ	No data available.
toxicity - single	
exposure	
Phenylethane(100-41-4)	
Aspiration toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Carcinogenicity	Species: mouse, (male and female) Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 103 wk
- ·	Activity duration: 6 h Dose: 0, 75, 250, 750 ppm Frequency of Treatment: 5 days/week NOAEL:
	250 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Result: evidence of carcinogenic activity Symptoms:
1	increased incidences of alveolar/bronchiolar neoplasms, increase incidence of hepatocellular

	carcinomas GLP: yes Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Carcinogenicity classification not possible from current data.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Genotoxicity in vitro, Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test species: Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative GLP: no : Test Type: Mammalian cell gene mutation assay Test species: mouse lymphoma cells Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method : OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative GLP: yes Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test species: mouse (male) Application Route: Oral Method: OECD Test
	Guideline 474 Result: negative GLP: yes Test Type: DNA damage and/or repair Test species: mouse (male and female)Application Route: Inhalation Method: OECD Test Guideline 486 Result: negative GLP: yes Germ cell mutagenicity Assessment : In vivo tests did not show
	mutagenic effects
LC50 (Mouse, Male)	10 mg/l Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after short term inhalation.
LD50 (rabbit)	15,433 mg/kg
Repeated dose toxicity	Species: rat, male and female NOAEL: 75 mg/kg Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 28 d Dose: 75, 250 and 750 mg/kg bw/day Method: OECD Test Guideline 407 GLP: yes Symptoms: Increased kidney and liver weights
Reproductive toxicity	Effects on fertility : Test Type: One generation study Species: rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Dose: 0, 100, 500 and 1000 ppm Duration of Single Treatment: 6 h General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEC: 1,000 ppm General Toxicity F1: NOAEC: 100 ppm Symptoms: Reduced fetal weight. Reduced offspring weight gain. Method: OECD Test Guideline 415 Result: No reproductive effects. GLP: yes Effects on fetal development : Species: rat Application Route: Inhalation Dose: 0, 100, 500, 1000, 2000 ppm Duration of Single Treatment: 15 d General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEC: 500 ppm Teratogenicity: NOAEC: 2,000 ppm Developmental Toxicity: NOAEC: 500 ppm Symptoms: Reduced body weight Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: Developmental toxicity occurred at maternal toxicity dose levels GLP: No data available Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : No toxicity to reproduction Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Remarks: No data available
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Species: rabbit Result: Mild eye irritation Remarks: No data available
Skin corrosion/irritation	Species: rabbit Result: Mild skin irritation
STOT - repeated exposure	Target Organs: Auditory system Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure., The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.
STOT - single exposure	No data available.
TALC(14807-96-6) Acute toxicity - Dermal	No data available.
Acute toxicity -	No data available.
Inhalation Additional Information	RTECS: WW2710000 Prolonged inhalation of crystalline silica may result in silicosis, a disabling pulmonary fibrosis characterized by fibrotic changes and miliary nodules in the lungs, a dry cough, shortness of breath, emphysema, decreased chest expansion, and increased susceptibility to tuberculosis. In advanced stages, loss of appetite, pleuritic pain, and total incapacity to work. Advanced silicosis may result in death due to cardiac failure or destruction of lung tissue. Crystalline silica is classified as group 1 "known to be carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and "sufficient evidence" of carcinogenicity by the NTP. To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence Liver - Irregularities
Aspiration hazard	No data available. Carcinogenicity - Rat - Inhalation Tumorigenic:Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria.
Carcinogenicity	Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Tumorgenic:Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria. Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Tumors. IARC: 1 - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans (Quartz) IARC: 3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Hydrous magnesium silicate) 3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Hydrous magnesium silicate) NTP: Known to be human carcinogen (Quartz) OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available.
Reproductive toxicity Respiratory or skin	No data available. No data available.
sensitization	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No data available.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Skin - Human Result: Mild skin irritation - 3 h
Specific target organ	No data available.

toxicity - repeated	
exposure Specific target organ	No data available.
toxicity - single	
exposure	
Titanium Dioxide(13463	
Carcinogenicity	In lifetime inhalation studies rats were exposed for 2 years to respectively 10, 50, 250 mg/m3 of respirable Ti02.
Dermal ALD (rabbit)	>10000 mg/m3
Eye irritation	slight irritation
Inhalation 4 h ALC	>6.82 mg/l
ORAL ALD (rat)	>2400 mg/kg
Sensitsation Skin irritation	Did not cause sensitsation on laboratory animals. slight irritation
Toluene(108-88-3)	
Aspiration toxicity	Aspiration Toxicity - Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Species: rat, (male and female) Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Exposure time: 103 wks
	Dose: 0, 600, 1200 ppm Frequency of Treatment: 6.5 h/d, 5 d/wk NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level: 1,200 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Result: did not display carcinogenic properties Symptoms: Erosion of nasal epithelium Species: rat, (male and female) Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Exposure time: 103 wks Dose: 0, 600, 1200 ppm Frequency of Treatment: 6.5 h/d, 5 d/wk NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level: 1,200 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Result: did not display carcinogenic properties Symptoms: Erosion of nasal epithelium Species: rat, (male and female) Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Exposure time: 103 wks Dose: 0, 600, 1200 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Result: did not display carcinogenic properties Symptoms: Erosion of nasal epithelium Species: rat, (male and female) Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Exposure time: 103 wks Dose: 0, 600, 1200 ppm Frequency of Treatment: 6.5 h/d, 5 d/wk NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level: 1,200 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Result: did not display carcinogenic properties Symptoms: Erosion of nasal epithelium Species: rat, (male and female) Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Exposure time: 103 wks Dose: 0, 600, 1200 ppm Frequency of Treatment: 6.5 h/d, 5 d/wk NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level: 1,200 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Result: did not display carcinogenic properties Symptoms: Erosion of nasal epithelium , GLP: yes, Carcinogen
Further information	Remarks: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause narcotic effects. Solvents may degrease the skin.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Mammalian cell gene mutation assay Test species: Mouse lymphoma cells Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative : Test Type: Ames test Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: negative Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosome aberration assay in vivo Test species: rat Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Intraperitoneal Exposure time: 1 or 5 d Dose: 0, 0.025, 0.082, 0.247 ml/kg Result: negative Test Type: Dominant lethal assay Test species: mouse (male) Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Exposure time: 6 h/d, 5 d/wk for 8 wks Dose: 0, 100, 400 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 478 Result: negative Germ cell mutagenicity Assessment : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.
LC50 (rat, male and female)	28.1 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
LD50 (rabbit)	> 5,000 mg/kg
LD50 (rat, male) Repeated dose toxicity	> 5,580 mg/kg Species: mouse, male and female NOAEL: 625 mg/kg LOAEL: 1,250 mg/kg Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 13 wks Number of exposures: 5 d/wk Dose: 312, 625, 1250, 2500, 5000 Group: yes GLP: yes Symptoms: death, Increased liver weight, ataxia, hyperactivity, hypothermia Species: rat, male and female NOAEL: 300 Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Exposure time: 6, 12, or 18 months Number of exposures: 6 h/d, 5 d/wk Dose: 0, 30, 100, 300 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Repeated dose toxicity - Assessment : Causes skin irritation.
Reproductive toxicity	Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study Species: rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Dose: 0, 100, 500, 2000 ppm Frequency of Treatment: 7 days/week General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEC: 500 ppm General Toxicity F1: NOAEC: 500 ppm Fertility: NOAEC: 2,000 ppm Symptoms: Reduced maternal body weight gain. Reduced offspring weight gain. Method: OECD Test Guideline 416 Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. GLP: yes Test Type: Fertility Species: rat, male and female Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Dose: 0, 600, 1200 ppm Frequency of Treatment: 7 days/week General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEC: 600 ppm Symptoms: Decreased sperm count Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.
Reproductive toxicity (cont.)	Effects on fetal development : Species: rat Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Dose: 0, 250, 750, 1500, 3000 ppm Duration of Single Treatment: 10 d Frequency of Treatment: 6 hr/day General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEC: 750 ppm Developmental Toxicity: NOAEC: 750 ppm Symptoms: Maternal toxicity, Reduced body weight, Skeletal malformations. GLP: yes Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Test Type: Maximization Test (GPMT) Species: guinea pig Result: Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals. GLP: yes
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Species: rabbit Result: Irritating to eyes. Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Skin	Species: rabbit Exposure time: 4 h Result: Irritating to skin.
corrosion/irritation STOT - repeated	Inhalation Auditory system, Eyes May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure., The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated
exposure	
	exposure, category 2.
STOT - single exposure	Exposure routes: Target Organs: Assessment: Remarks: Inhalation Central nervous system May
	cause drowsiness or dizziness. The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.
Vulana(1220, 20, 7)	toxicant, single exposure, category 5 with harcout effects.
Xylene(1330-20-7) Acute dermal toxicity	Acute toxicity estimate : 1,100 mg/kg Method: Expert judgment.
Acute inhalation	Acute toxicity estimate, 4631 ppm Exposure time, 4 h Test atmosphere: gas Method; Calculation
toxicity	method.
Acute toxicity Product	Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : 3,523 mg/kg Method: Calculation method.
Aspiration Toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Carcinogenicity	Species: mouse, (male and female) Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 103 wk Dose: 0, 500
Carcinogenicity	or 1000 mg/kg Frequency of Treatment: 5 days/week Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V,
	B.32. Result: did not display carcinogenic properties GLP: No data available, Carcinogenicity -
	Assessment : Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in virto. Test Species: Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)
derm een matagemeity	Metabolic Activation: With and without metabolic activation. Method Mutagenicity (in vitro
	mammalian cytogenetic test) Result: Negative. Test Type: Sistrer chromatic exchange assay in
	mammalian cells.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.
Assessment	
LC50 (rat, male)	6700 ppm Exposure time: 4 h Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.2. GLP: No data
Inhalation	available Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant,
	single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation. Remarks: Acutely Toxic Category 4
LC50 (rat, male) Oral	3,523 mg/kg Method: EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity, Oral) Target Organs: Kidney, Bladder GLP:
	no
Repeated dose toxicity	Species: rat, male and female NOAEL: 250 mg/kg Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 103
	wk Number of exposures: 5 d/wk Dose: 0, 250 or 500 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or
	mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.
Reproductive toxicity	Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study Species: rat, male and female Application
	Route: Inhalation Dose: 0, 25, 100 and 500 ppm Duration of Single Treatment: 6 h Frequency of
	Treatment: 7 days/week General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEC: > 500 ppm General Toxicity F1:
	NOAEC: > 500 ppm Early Embryonic Development: NOAEC: > 500 ppm Result: No reproductive
	effects. Effects on fetal development : Species: rat Application Route: Inhalation Dose: 0, 100,
	500, 1000 or 2000 ppm Duration of Single Treatment: 14 d Frequency of Treatment: 6 hr/day
	General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEC: 500 ppm Teratogenicity: NOAEC: > 2,000 Developmental
	Toxicity: NOAEC: 100 ppm Result: No teratogenic effects., Developmental toxicity occurred at
	maternal toxicity dose levels Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Animal testing did not show
	any effects on fertility. Damage to fetus not classifiable
Respiratory or skin	Remarks: No data available
sensitization	Creation webbit Deputs Mild and invitation
Serious eye	Species: rabbit Result: Mild eye irritation
damage/eye irritation	Charles white Evenesus times 24 h Deputs Just-time to ship Demonstry Chip instally - C. I
Skin	Species: rabbit Exposure time: 24 h Result: Irritating to skin Remarks: Skin irritation, Category
corrosion/irritation	2 Target Organes Liver, Kidney, Central nerveus system Assessment, May sause damage te
STOT - repeated	Target Organs: Liver, Kidney, Central nervous system Assessment: May cause damage to
exposure	organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
STOT - single exposure	No data available.

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

2,6-DIMETHYL-4-HEPTANONE(108-83-8)		
6 Other adverse effects	No data available.	
Bioaccumulative	No data available.	
potential		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Persistence and	No data available.	
degradability		
Results of PBT and	PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted	
vPvB assessment		
Toxicity	No data available.	
Aluminum Hydroxide(21645-51-2)		
Bioaccumulative	Inert material.	
potential		
EC50 - Daphnia -	>10,000 mg/l, Daphnia magna ( Water flea) (OECD Test Guideline 202)	
Toxicity to daphnia and		

other aquatic invertebrates	
EC50 - Fish - Toxicity to fish	>10,000 mg/l, Fish
Mobility in soil	Inert material.
NOEC - Toxicity to algae	>0.004 mg/l, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae) - (OECD Test Guideline 201)
Other adverse effects	None known.
Persistence and	Non-degradable
degradability	
Amorphous Silica(7631-	
Additional ecological information Bioaccumulative	General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.
potential	
EC50 - Algae	>10000 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus) (72 h) (OCED 201) comparable substance
EC50 - Daphnia magna	>1000 mg/l (Daphnia magna) (24 h) (OCED 202)
LCO - Żebra fish	10000 mg/l (zebra fish) (96 h) (static) (OCED203)
Mobility in soil	No further relevant information available.
Persistence and	The product is chemically and biologically inert. By the insolubility in water there is a separation
degrability	at every filtration and sedimentation process.
BENZENE(71-43-2)	
Additional ecological information	Toxic to aquatic life. An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Toxic to aquatic life.
EC50	10 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) static test substance: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Ecotoxicology Assessment	Acute aquatic toxicity Benzene : Toxic to aquatic life. Chronic aquatic toxicity Benzene : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
ErC50	100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) Test substance: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
LC50	5.3 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) flow-through test substance: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability : This material is expected to be readily biodegradable.
Results of PBT	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This
assessment	substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Carbon Black(1333-86-4	
Behavior in water	Activated sludge, EC0 (3 h) > 800 mg/L. DEV L3 (TTC test)
treatment plants Bioaccumulation	Potential bioaccumulation is not expected because of the physicochemical properties of the
Potential	substance
EC50 (Scenedesmus subspicatus)	> 10,000 mg/L, OECD (Guideline 201)
EC50 Daphnia magna (waterflea)	>5600 mg/l (24 h) OECD (Guideline 202)
Environmental fate	Carbon black is an inert solid, stable and insoluble in water or organic solvents. Its vapour pressure is negligible. Based on these properties it is expected that carbon black will not occur in air or water in relevant amounts. Also potential for distribution via water or air can be dismissed. The deposition in soil or sediments is therefore the most relevant compartment of fate in the environment.
LC50 Brachydanio reio (zebrafish)	>1000 mg/l (96 h) OECD (Guideline 203)
NOEC 50 (Scenedesmus	> 10,000 mg/L, OECD (Guideline 201)
subspicatus)	
Cumene(98-82-8)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
EC50 - Daphnia (water flea) - Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	2.14 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202), Daphnia (water flea)
EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - Toxicity to algae	2.60 mg/l - 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)
LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	4.8 mg/l - 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Toxicity to fish	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability Result: - According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not readily biodegradable.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted
Dibutyltin Dilaurate(77-5	58-7)
Aquatic toxicity	No data is available on the product itself.
Bioaccumulation	No data is available on the product itself.
EC50 - Daphnia	2.28 mg/l, Species : Daphnia magna.
LC50 - Fish	2 mg/l, Species : Fish.
Mobility	No data available.
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability : No data is available on the product itself.
Toxicity to other organisms	No data available.
Ethylene glycol mono ph	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
LC50 - Leuciscus idus - Toxicity to fish	>100 mg/l -96 h, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No data available.
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability Remarks: Readily biodegradable, according to appropriate OECD test.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted
Isobutyl Alcohol(78-83-1	
Chronic	No data available.
Degradability / Persistence; Biological / A biological Degradation	Evaluation: Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).
EC50 - Aquatic Plants	>100 mg/l (72 h) The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from properties of the individual components.
EC50 - Daphnia - Acute	>100 mg/l (48 h) The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from properties of the individual components.
LC50 - Fish - Acute	>100 mg/l (96 h) The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from properties of the individual components.
Microorganisms	Toxicity to microorganisms: bacteria EC10 (17 h): >750 mg/l. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from properties of the individual components.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone(78-	
Bioaccumulative	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2.49
EC50 (Algae)	2029 mg/l (48 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (Green Algae))
EC50 (Daphnia)	308 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna (Water flea))
LC50 (fish)	2993 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas (Fathead minnow))
Mobility in soil	No data available
Other adverse effects	No data available
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: Concentration: 2mg/l; Result: Readily biodegradation: 98%; Exposure 28 d;
Product	Regulation: 40CFR Protection of Environment, Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class 1 Substances:
n-Butyl Acetate(123-86-	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Chronic Toxicity	Fish: No data available. Aquatic invertebrates: No data available. Toxicity to Aquatic Plants: No data available.
LC-50 (Fathead Minnow) Acute Toxicity	18 mg/l, (96 h)
LC-50 (Water Flea) Aquatic invertebrates	44 mg/l , (48 h)
Mobility in soil	Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments: No data available.
Other adverse effects	No data available.
Persistence and degradability	83 % (28 d), Biological Oxygen Demand:BOD-5: 730 mg/g, Chemical Oxygen Demand:1,010 mg/g, BOD/COD ratio:72 %.
Results of PBT and	No data available.

vPvB assessment	
P.M. Acetate(108-65-6)	
Aquatic invertebrates	NOEC (daphnia, 21 d): >= 100 mg/l EC-50 (daphnia, 21 d): > 100 mg/l
Bioaccumulative	No data available.
Biological Oxygen Demand	363 mg/g 1,050 mg/g
Chemical Oxygen Demand	No data available.
Chronic Toxicity Fish	LC-50 (Oryzias latipes, 14 d): 63.5 mg/l NOEC (Oryzias latipes, 14 d): 47.5 mg/l
LC50 - Daphnoid - Aquatic invertebrates	408 mg/l (48 h)
LC50 - Fathead Minnow - Toxicity to Fish	161 mg/l (96 h)
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No data available.
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradation - 90 % (28 d, Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test) Readily biodegradable
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	No data available.
Toxicity to Aquatic	EC-50 (Selenastrum capricornutum, 96 h): > 1,000 mg/l NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum, 96
Plants	h: >= 1,000 mg/l
Phenylethane(100-41-4) Bioaccumulative	Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : log Pow: 2.92
potential	
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea))	1.8 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test
EC50	5.4 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: yes Method: Static
(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	GLP: yes
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout))	4.2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability : Inoculum: activated sludge Concentration: 22 mg/l Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 70 % Exposure time: 28 d GLP: yes
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic	(Daphnia): 3.6 mg/l Toxicity to bacteria : GLP: Remarks: No data available Ecotoxicology Assessment Chronic aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
toxicity) TALC(14807-96-6)	
Bioaccumulative	No data available.
potential Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No data available.
Persistence and	No data available.
degradability	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted
Toxicity	No data available.
Titanium Dioxide(13463-	
LC50 fish	Fathead minnow 96 h >1000 mg/l
Toluene(108-88-3) Bioaccumulative	Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : log Pow: 2.73
potential EC50 (Ceriodaphnia	3.78 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: Renewal
dubia) EC50 (Chlorella	134 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: static test
vulgaris (Fresh water algae))	S. F
IC50 (Bacteria)	84 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h, Test Type: Static Ecotoxicology Assessment Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life. Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout))	5.5 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test
Mobility in soil	No data available.

Other adverse effects	No data available.
Persistence and	Biodegradability : Inoculum: Sewage Biodegradation: 100 % Remarks: Readily biodegradable
degradability	
Xylene(1330-20-7)	
Bioaccumulative	Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : log Pow: 2.77 - 3.15
potential	
EC50	4.36 mg/l End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 73 h Test Type: static test Analytical
(Pseudokirchneriella	monitoring: yes
subcapitata)	
IC50 (Daphnia magna	1 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Information given is based on
(Water flea))	data obtained from similar substances. Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 GLP
LC50 (Oncorhynchus	2.6 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test substance: Information given is based on data obtained from
mykiss (rainbow	similar substances. Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 GLP: No data available
trout))	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Persistence and	Biodegradability : Inoculum: activated sludge Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 72
degradability	% Exposure time: 20 d

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION :** No data available.

**DISPOSAL METHOD:** Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with Local, State, and Federal Regulations. Mix with compatible chemical which is less flammable and incenerate. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition; do not cut, drill, grind or weld or near this container.

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

\*CHECK WITH YOUR CARRIER FOR ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS THAT MAY APPLY.

USDOT GROUND DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION) PROPER SHIPPING NAME (DOT) : Paint HAZARDS CLASS : 3 UN/NA NUMBER : UN1263 PACKING GROUP : PG II EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE (ERG) : 128

IATA (AIR) DOT (INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORTATION ASSOCIATION) PROPER SHIPPING NAME : Paint HAZARDS CLASS : 3 UN/NA NUMBER : UN1263 PACKING GROUP : PG II EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE (ERG) : 128

IMDG (OCEAN) PROPER SHIPPING NAME : Paint HAZARDS CLASS : 3 UN/NA NUMBER : UN1263 PACKING GROUP : PG II EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE (ERG) : 128

## **MARINE POLLUTANT :** No **SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS :** P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. P235 Keep cool.

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### US FEDERAL REGULATIONS All ingredients in Section #3 are TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) listed.

**OSHA HAZARDS :** Flammable liquid, Moderate skin irritant, Moderate eye irritant, Carcinogen. **EPCRA - Emergency CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY** 

This product contains:	Chemical CAS#
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4
Carbon Black	1333-86-4
Xylene	1330-20-7
Isobutyl Alcohol	78-83-1
Phenylethane	100-41-4

**SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity :** This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT) SARA 311/312 Hazards : Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard SARA 313 :

This product contains:	Chemical CAS#	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	
P.M. Acetate	108-65-6	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	

## **CLEAN AIR ACT :**

This product contains:	Chemical CAS#
Phenylethane	100-41-4
Phenylethane	100-41-4
Ethylene glycol mono phenyl ether	122-99-6
Toluene	108-88-3
Benzene	71-43-2
Cumene	98-82-8

## **INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS**

#### CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP):

Flam. Liq. 2 H226 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 STOT SE 3 H336

## NATIONAL REGULATIONS

This product contains:	Chemical CAS#
#Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7
#Carbon Black	1333-86-4

# Indicates a chemical listed by IARC as a possible carcinogen.

#### STATE REGULATIONS CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

This product contains:	Chemical CAS#
*Talc	14807-96-6
*Phenylethane	100-41-4
+Toluene	108-88-3

\*This product contains (a) chemical (s) known to the State of California to cause cancer.

#This product contains (a) chemical (s) known to the State of California to be carcinogenic.+This product contains (a) chemical (s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Massachusetts Right to Know		
This product contains	Chemical CAS#	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	
Talc	14807-96-6	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	
Xylene	1330-20-7	
Isobutyl Alcohol	78-83-1	
Phenylethane	100-41-4	
2,6-DIMETHYL-4-HEPTANONE	108-83-8	
Acetylacetone	123-54-6	
Benzene	71-43-2	
Cumene	98-82-8	

-	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4
Talc	14807-96-6
Carbon Black	1333-86-4
Xylene	1330-20-7
Isobutyl Alcohol	78-83-1
Phenylethane	100-41-4
2,6-DIMETHYL-4-HEPTANONE	108-83-8
Acetylacetone	123-54-6
Benzene	71-43-2
Cumene	98-82-8

Pennsylvania Right to Know		
This product contains	Chemical CAS#	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	
P.M. Acetate	108-65-6	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	
Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9	
Aluminum Hydroxide	21645-51-2	
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	
Talc	14807-96-6	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	
Xylene	1330-20-7	
Isobutyl Alcohol	78-83-1	
Phenylethane	100-41-4	
2,6-DIMETHYL-4-HEPTANONE	108-83-8	
Ethylene glycol mono phenyl ether	122-99-6	
Acetylacetone	123-54-6	
Toluene	108-88-3	
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	77-58-7	
Cumene	98-82-8	

## New Jersey Right to Know

This product contains	Chemical CAS#
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3
P.M. Acetate	108-65-6
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7
Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9
Aluminum Hydroxide	21645-51-2
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4
Talc	14807-96-6
Carbon Black	1333-86-4

Xylene	1330-20-7
Isobutyl Alcohol	78-83-1
Phenylethane	100-41-4
2,6-Dimethyl-4-Hepatone	108-83-8
Ethylene glycol mono phenyl ether	122-99-6
Acetylacetone	123-54-6
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	77-58-7
Cumene	98-82-8

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

## **Other Product Information**

% Volatile by Volume: 71.41 % Solids by volume: 28.59 % Exempt by Volume: 0.00 % Volatile by Weight: 52.07 % Solids by Weight: 47.93 % Exempt by Weight: 0.00

## VOC CONTENT:

Excluding Exempt VOC: 600 Including Exempt VOC: 600

## HMIS RATING

Health :	2
Flammability :	3
Reactivity :	0
Personal Protection :	Н

3
2
0

**NFPA CODES** 

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