SAFETY DATA SHEET



DATE ISSUED : 8/10/2018 SDS REF. No :

6779-CLE20902

6779-CLE20902 CLEAR GLOSS SEALER/FILLER BASECOAT POLYURETHANE

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: 6779-CLE20902 CLEAR GLOSS SEALER/FILLER BASECOAT POLYURETHANE

PRODUCT CODE: PRODUCT USE:

6779-CLE20902 Industrial Solventborne Paint

MANUFACTURER

Cardinal Industrial Finishes 1329 Potrero Ave

24 HR. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER CHEMTREC (US Transportation): (800)424-9300 CHEMTREC (International : 1(202)483-7616 Transportation) WEB: WWW.CARDINALPAINT.COM

S. El Monte, CA, 626 444-9274

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

PICTOGRAMS



SIGNAL WORD : DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS :

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H360 May damage fertility or unborn child.

H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

P501 Dispose of in accordance with Local, Regional, State, Federal and International Regulations.

R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

S36 Wear suitable protective clothing.

S37 Wear suitable gloves.

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS 3.

Chemical Name	Weight %	CAS Number
n-Butyl Acetate	30% - 35%	123-86-4

Methyl Ethyl Ketone	10% - 15%	78-93-3
P.M. Acetate	10% - 15%	108-65-6
Ethyl Acetate 99%	5% - 10%	141-78-6
Isopropyl Alcohol	1% - 5%	67-63-0

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures.

EYES CONTACT : Flush with large quantities of water for 15 to 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Keep eyes wide open while rising. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash exposed area with mild soap and water for 15 to 30 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Repeated exposure may cause dryness or cracking.

INGESTION : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep victim warm and seek immediate attention.

INHALATION : Remove to fresh air and keep in a position comfortable to breath. Call a doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed. Symptoms/injuries: Eye irritation

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Cause serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion: Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

If medical advise is needed, have product container or label on hand.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA : In the event of a fire, use specifically suitable extinguishing agents. Suitable extinguishing media: Foam, alcohol resistant foam, CO2, water fog. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use heavy water stream. A heavy water stream my spread burning liquid.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURE : Firefighting instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering the environment. Protection during firefighting: Firefighters should wear full protective gear. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in pressure demand or other positive pressure modes.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD : Fire hazard: Highly flammable/liquid or vapor. Explosive hazard: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES :

General measures: Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No smoking.

FOR NON-EMERGENCY PERSONNEL :

For non-Emergency procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

FOR EMERGENCY RESPONDERS :

Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing fume, vapors.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS :

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEAN UP :

Collect damaged aerosols and use absorbent and/or inert material, then place in suitable container.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING : Additional hazards when processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Precautions for safe handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when you are leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use outdoors or in a well ventilated area. Avoid breathing fume, vapors. Hygiene measures: Wash Skin thoroughly after handling.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING INCOMPATIBILITIES : Storage conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place away from: Heat sources. Direct sunlight.

Incompatible products: Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials: Source of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat Sources.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS\PERSONAL PROTECTION

Dibutyltin Dilaurate(77-58-7)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL	0.2 mg/m3	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL	0.1 mg/m3	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Table Z-1)	0.1 mg/m3	
USA OSHA	OSHA TWA (Table Z-1A)	0.1 mg/m3	
Ethyl Acetate 99%(141-78-6)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH (TWA)	400 ppm	
USA OSHA	OSHA Table Z-1 (PEL)	400 ppm, 1,400 mg/m3	
Ethyl Alcohol(64-17-5)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (TLV)	1,000 ppm	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH TWA	1,000 ppm, 1,900 mg/m3	
USA OSHA	OSHA TWA (Table Z-1)	1,000 ppm, 1,900 mg/m3	
Isobutyl Alcohol(78-83-1)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA	50 ppm	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL	100 ppm, 300 mg/m3	
Isopropyl Alcohol(67-63-0)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL	400 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA	200 ppm	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH IDLH	2,000 ppm	
USA OSHA	OSHA TWA	400 ppm, 980 mg/m3	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone(78-93-3)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	300 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	100 ppm	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA (mg/m3)	410 mg/m3	
n-Butyl Acetate(123-86-4)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL	200 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA	150 ppm	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Table Z-1)	150 ppm, 710 mg/m3	
P.M. Acetate(108-65-6)			
USA AIHA	AIAH (WEEL) TWA	50 ppm	

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION : If TLV of the product or any component is exceeded, a NIOSH approved dust respirator is advised in absence of environmental control. OSHA Regulations also permit other NIOSH dust respirators under specified conditions. (See your Safety Equipment Supplier) Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

HAND PROTECTION REMARKS : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

EYES PROTECTION : Eye wash bottle with pure water.

Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Where face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

SKIN AND BODY PROTECTION : Wear impervious clothing. Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

:	Liquid
:	Various colors depending on the pigmentation.
:	Characteristic. Sweet. Mint like.
:	No data available.
:	N/A – See Technical Data Sheet
:	Slower Than Ether
:	-94.7 C (-138.46 F)
:	No data available.
:	171.0 deg F TO 294.0 deg F
:	24.00 deg F
:	1.5
:	12.8
:	185 mm Hg
:	Heavier than air
:	No data available.
:	7.9628
:	BP_VD
:	No data available.
:	No data available.
:	No data available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

CHEMICAL STABILITY : Stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID : Heat, flames and sparks. Extremely high temperatures and direct sunlight.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS : Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), dense black smoke.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Dibutyltin Dilaurate(77-58-7)			
Chronic Health Hazard	Dibutyltin compounds have shown reproductive and immunotoxic effects in laboratory animals. Abnormalities noted at necropsy of animals treated with 2000 mg/kg of dibutyltin dilaurate were hemorrhagic lungs, dark liver, dark kidneys, hemorrhage of gastric mucosa, hemorrhage of the large and small intestines, enlarged bile duct and behavioral and central nervous system effects. Decreased fertility was seen in hens following dietary administration equal to 78 mg/kg.		
Eye irritation/corrosion	Severe eye irritation.		
Inhalation	No data is available on the product itself.		
LD50 - Rabbit (Dermal)	> 2,000 mg/kg, Method : Estimated.		
LD50 - Rat (Ingestion)	> 2,000 mg/kg		
Skin	Severe skin irritation. Corrosive to the skin of a rabbit.		
irritation/corrosion			
Ethyl Acetate 99%(141-	Ethyl Acetate 99%(141-78-6)		
Carcinogenicity	mouse, Male/Female, Intraperitoneal, 8 weeks, Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.		
Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity	rat, female, Inhalative, gestation days 1-19, 7 hrs/day, NOAEL (teratogenicity): 2,000 ppm, NOAEL (material): 16,000 ppm. Studies of a comparable product.		
Eye irritation	Human, irritating		
LC0 Inhalation (Rat)	29.3 mg/l (4 h)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	200 mg/l (1 h)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	>18,000 mg/kg		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5,620 mg/kg		
Mutagenicity	Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Ames: positive, negative (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without) Positive and negative results were seen in various in vitro studies.		

	Questionable validity of studies due to rapid hydrolysis in solvents. Genetic Toxicity in Vivo:
Other Revelent Toxicity	Micronucleus Assay: negative (rat,) Unscheduled DNA synthesis: negative (rat,)
Information	May cause downliness or dizziness. May cause irritation of respiratory tract.
Repeated dose toxicity	90 days, inhalation: NOAEL: 0.002 mg/l, (Rat). 11 weeks, inhalation: NOAEL: 2,000 ppm,
	(Guinea pig). Chronic exposure damages the brain and central nervous system. 13 w, Oral:
	NOAEL: 900 mg/kg, LOAEL: 3,600 mg/kg, (rat, male/female, daily). 94 days, inhalation:
Sensitsation	dermal: non-sensitizer (Guinea nig, Magnusson/Kligmann (Maximization Test)) Skin
Sensitsation	sensitization according to Magnusson/Kligmann (maximization test)::negative (quinea pig,
	OECD Test Guideline 406).
Skin irritation	rabbit, Non irritating
Ethyl Alcohol(64-17-5)	
Additional Information	RIECS: KQ6300000 Central nervous system depression, narcosis, Damage to the heart., To
	thoroughly investigated. Heart - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence Stomach -
	Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence
Aspiration hazard	No data available.
Carcinogenicity -	Tumorigenic: Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria. Liver: Tumors. Blood:
Mouse - Oral	Lymphomas including Hodgkin's disease. IARC: No components of this product present at
	levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed numan carcinogen by IAPC. NTP: No components of this product present at levels greater than or
	equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. OSHA: No
	components of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a
	carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
Dermal:	No data available
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available.
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	20000 ppm, (10 h)
LD50 Oral - Rat Reproductive toxicity	7,060 mg/kg , Remarks: Lungs, morax, or Respiration: Other changes.
Reproductive toxicity	score (human only). Effects on Newborn: Other neonatal measures or effects. Effects on
	Newborn: Drug dependence.
Respiratory or skin	No data available.
sensitization	
Serious eye	Result: Mild eye irritation - 24 h (OECD Test Guideline 405)
damage/eye irritation	
Skin	Result: No skin irritation - 24 h (OFCD Test Guideline 404)
corrosion/irritation	
Skin - Rabbit	
Specific target organ	No data available.
toxicity - repeated	
Specific target organ	No data available
toxicity - single	
exposure	
Isobutyl Alcohol(78-83-1	
Carcinogenicity Data:	The ingredient(s) of this product is (are) not classified as carcinogenic by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA
	or NIP.
LC50 Innalation - Kat	8000 ppm; (4 n) 3400 mg/kg
1D50 Oral - Rat (Acute	2460 mg/kg
Toxicity)	
Mutagenicity Data:	No adverse mutagenicity effects are anticipated.
Reproductive Data:	No adverse reproductive effects are anticipated.
Respiratory / Skin	None known.
Sensitization Data:	
Synergistic Materials:	Alconois may interact synergistically with chlorinated solvents (example - carbon totrachlorida, chloroform, bromotrichloromothane), dithiocarbamates (ovample, disulfiram)
	dimethylnitrosamine and thioacetamide.
Tetragenicity Data:	No adverse Tetragenicity effects are anticipated.
Isopropyl Alcohol(67-63	-0)
Aspiration hazard	Based on physico-chemical values or lack of human evidence, not classified.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified.
Effects on	Not classified.
Germ cell mutagonicity	Not classified No adverse effect observed
I C50 (Rat)	46.6 mg/l: Exposure time: 8 h. Acute inhalation toxicity: Based on acute toxicity values not
	classified. High vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the eyes, nose, and/or throat,

	changes to the liver, lung, spleen, and brain, and central nervous system depression (ataxia,
	dizziness, narcosis, and muscle relaxation, with respiratory arrest and death in cases of
	severe over exposure).
LD50 (Raddit)	12,870 mg/kg 4 396 mg/kg: Acute analitavicity: Based on acute toxicity values, not classified. Ingestion
	may cause gastrointestinal effects (pain, nausea, vomiting, and hemorrhage), hypothermia.
	cardiac effects (low blood pressure, shock and cardiac arrest), liver changes, kidney damage,
	and CNS effects (headache, dizziness, sleepiness, coma and death).
Reproductive toxicity	Effects on fertility / Effects on or via lactation: Not classified.
Respiratory or skin	Not classified No adverse effect observed.
Serious ave	Classified Causes serious and irritation
damage/eve irritation	
Skin	Based on skin irritation values, not classified. Liquid may cause slight skin irritation. Exposure
corrosion/irritation	of liquid to the underdeveloped skin of premature infants may cause severe irritation.
Target Organ Systemic	Based on repeated exposure toxicity values, not classified.
Toxicant - Repeated	
exposure	Poutos of evenesures Ingestion, Inhelation Target Organes Central nervous system Classified
Target Organ Systemic	Roules of exposure: Ingestion, Innalation Target Organs: Central nervous system Classified,
	hay cause drowsiness of dizziness.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone(78-	93-3)
Aspiration toxicity	Product: May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.
Carcinogenicity	Remarks: This information is not available, Carcinogenicity-Assement: Not classified as a
	human carcinogen.
Further information	Product Remarks: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea
	and vomiting.,
Germ cell mutagenicity	Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Ames test, Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation. Mothed OECD Test Guideline 471
LC50 (mouse)	320 mg/l (4 h exposure)
inhalation	
LC50 (rat) Oral	3737 ma/ka
LD50 (rabbit) dermal	6,480 mg/kg
Reproductive toxicity	Effects on fetal development, Species: rat female, Application Route: Inhalation, Dose: 400, 1000, 3000 ppm,
Respiratory or skin	Test Type: Buehler Test, Species guinea pig, Method OECD Test Guideline 406, Result: Did
sensitsation	not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.
Serious eye damage/	Remarks: Severe skin irritation, Species rabbit, Exposure time 24 n, Result: Irritation to eyes
Skin	Remarks: Moderate skin irritation. Species rabbit. Exposure time 24 b. Result: Mild skin
corrosion/irritation	irritation
STOT - repeated	Product: No data available, Components: No data available.
exposure	
STOT - single exposure	Product: Target Organs: Central Nervous system, Components: Exposure routes: Inhalation,
n Rutul Acotato(122.96	Product: Target Organs: Central Nervous system
Aspiration bazard	A) No data available
Carcinogenicity	No data available.
Inhalation	No data available.
LD-50 Dermal -	> 16ml/kg
(Rabbit)	
LD-50 Oral - (Rat)	14,130 mg/kg
Mutagenicity	In vitro: No data available. In vivo: No data available.
Uther adverse effects:	No data available.
Repeated dose toxicity	No data available.
Respiratory or skip	IVU UALA AVAIIADIE. Skin Sensitization: (Guinea Dia) - non-sensitizing
sensitization	Skii Schsidzadoll., (Guilica Fig) - holi-schsidzilig.
Serious eve	(Rabbit, 24 h): none
damage/eye irritation	
Skin	(Rabbit, 24 h): none
corrosion/irritation	
Specific target organ	No data available.
toxicity - repeated	
Specific target organ	Narcotic effect
toxicity - sinale	
exposure	
P.M. Acetate(108-65-6)	

Aspiration hazard	No data available.
Carcinogenicity	No data available.
LC50 - Inhalation Rat	>4345 ppm (Rat, 6 h)
LD50 - Dermal - Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg
LD50 - Oral - Rat	6,190 mg/kg
Mutagenicity	In vitro: No data available. In vivo: No data available.
Other adverse effects	No data available.
Repeated dose toxicity	No data available.
Reproductive toxicity.	No data available.
Respiratory or skin	Skin Sensitization:, (Guinea Pig) - non-sensitizing
sensitization	
Serious eye	(Rabbit): very slight
damage/eye irritation	
Skin	Specified substance(s) 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (Rabbit, 4 h): none (Rabbit, 24 h):
corrosion/irritation	none.
Specific target organ	No data available.
toxicity - repeated	
exposure	
Specific target organ	No data available.
toxicity - single	
exposure	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Dibutyltin Dilaurate(77-	58-7)
Aquatic toxicity	No data is available on the product itself.
Bioaccumulation	No data is available on the product itself.
EC50 - Daphnia	2.28 mg/l. Species : Daphnia magna.
1 C 50 - Fish	2 ma/l. Species : Fish.
Mobility	No data available.
Persistence and	Biodegradability : No data is available on the product itself.
degradability	
Toxicity to other	No data available.
organisms	
Ethyl Acetate 99%(141-	78-6)
Bioaccumulation	Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe), Exposure time: 3 Days, 30 BCF
Biochemical Oxygen	293 mg/g
Demand (BOD)	
Biodegradation	Aerobic, 100 %, Exposure time: 28 Days
Chemical Oxygen	1,816 mg/g
Demand (COD)	
EC0	650 mg/l, (Pseudomonas putida, 16 h)
EC50	Approximately 3,090 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h)
EC50 Acute Toxicity to	717 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h)
Aquatic Invertebrates	
EC50 Toxicity to	2,000 mg/l, (Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum), 96 h), 3,300 mg/l, End Point:
Aquatic Plants	biomass (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 48 h).
EC50 Toxicity to	5,870 mg/l, (Photobacterium phosphoreum, 15 min)
Microorganisms	
LC50	230 mg/l (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h)
LC50	484 mg/l (Rainbow (Donaldson)Trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 96 h)
LC50 Acute and	270 - 333 mg/l (Golden orfe (Leuciscus idus), 96 h)
Prolonged Toxicity to	
Fish	
Theoretical Biological	1,820 mg/g
Oxygen Demand	
(ThBOD)	
Ethyl Alcohol(64-17-5)	
Bioaccumulative	No data available.
potential	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Uther adverse effects	INO data available.
Persistence and	INO GATA AVAIIADIE.
degradability	DRT (vDvD accomment not available as sherrival asfety accomment not as survey due t
	PDI/VPVD assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not
ISODUTYI AICONOI(78-83-	L)

Chronic	No data available.
Degradability /	Evaluation: Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).
Persistence; Biological	
/ A biological	
Degradation	
EC50 - Aquatic Plants	>100 mg/l (72 h) The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from
	properties of the individual components.
EC50 - Daphnia -	>100 mg/l (48 h) The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from
Acute	properties of the individual components.
LC50 - Fish - Acute	>100 mg/l (96 h) The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from
	properties of the individual components.
Microorganisms	Toxicity to microorganisms: bacteria EC10 (17 h): >750 mg/l. The product has not been
	tested. The statement has been derived from properties of the individual components.
Isopropyl Alcohol(67-63	
Bioaccumulative	Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3.16 this material is not expected to
potential	Dioaccumulate.
Ecotoxicology	Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on acute aquatic toxicity values, not classified. Chronic aquatic
Assessment	toxicity: Not classified, based on readily biodegradability and low acute toxicity.
MODILLY IN SOIL	Distribution among environmental compartments: Stability in water initially partitioning
	to be limited. Additional advice Environmental fate and nationary is No additional information
	to be infinced. Additional advice Environmental rate and pathways . No additional information
Other advarge affects	available.
information	
Persistence and	Biodegradability · 86 - 94 % Papidly degradable (After two weeks in a ready biodegradability
degradability	tact)
Results of PBT and	test) Not applicable
vPvB assessment	
	Acute toxicity to aquatic plants very low
Toxicity to bacteria	Low toxicity to sevage microbes
Toxicity to daphnia and	Acute toxicity to freehwater and marine invertebrates is very low
other aquatic	Acute toxicity to restructed and marrie invertebrates is very low.
invertebrates	
Toxicity to daphnia and	Chronic toxicity expected to be low
other aquatic	chrome toxicity expected to be low.
invertebrates (Chronic	
toxicity)	
Toxicity to fish	Acute toxicity to fish is very low
	Chronic toxicity to fish is expected to be low
(Chronic toxicity)	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone(78-	93-3)
Bioaccumulative	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2 49
notential	
EC50 (Algae)	2029 mg/l (48 h: Pseudokirchneriella subcanitata (Green Algae))
EC50 (Daphnia)	308 mg/l (48 h: Danhnia magna (Water flea))
1 (50 (fish)	2993 mg/l (96 h: Pimephales prometas (Fathead minnow))
Mobility in soil	No data available
Other adverse effects	No data available
Persistence and	Biodegradability: Concentration: 2mg/l: Result: Readily biodegradation: 98%: Exposure 28 d.
degradability	Souce addition so the concentration singly, result reading biodegradation so /0, exposule zo u,
Product	Regulation: 40CER Protection of Environment, Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA
	Section 602 Class 1 Substances:
n-Butyl Acetate(123-86-	4)
Bioaccumulative	No data available
potential	
Chronic Toxicity	Fish: No data available. Aquatic invertebrates: No data available. Toxicity to Aquatic Plants:
,	No data available.
LC-50 (Fathead	18 mg/l, (96 h)
Minnow) Acute Toxicity	
LC-50 (Water Flea)	44 mg/l , (48 h)
Aquatic invertebrates	
Mobility in soil	Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments: No data available.
Other adverse effects	No data available.
Persistence and	83 % (28 d), Biological Oxygen Demand:BOD-5: 730 mg/g, Chemical Oxygen Demand:1.010
degradability	mg/g, BOD/COD ratio:72 %.
Results of PBT and	No data available.
vPvB assessment	
P.M. Acetate(108-65-6)	

Aquatic invertebrates	NOEC (daphnia, 21 d): >= 100 mg/l EC-50 (daphnia, 21 d): > 100 mg/l
Bioaccumulative	No data available.
potential	
Biological Oxygen	363 mg/g 1,050 mg/g
Demand	
Chemical Oxygen	No data available.
Demand	
Chronic Toxicity Fish	LC-50 (Oryzias latipes, 14 d): 63.5 mg/l NOEC (Oryzias latipes, 14 d): 47.5 mg/l
LC50 - Daphnoid -	408 mg/l (48 h)
Aquatic invertebrates	
LC50 - Fathead	161 mg/l (96 h)
Minnow - Toxicity to	
Fish	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No data available.
Persistence and	Biodegradation - 90 % (28 d, Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test) Readily
degradability	biodegradable
Results of PBT and	No data available.
vPvB assessment	
Toxicity to Aquatic	EC-50 (Selenastrum capricornutum, 96 h): > 1,000 mg/l NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum,
Plants	96 h): >= 1,000 mg/l

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

GENERAL INFORMATION : No data available.

DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with Local, State, and Federal Regulations. Mix with compatible chemical which is less flammable and incenerate. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition; do not cut, drill, grind or weld or near this container.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

*CHECK WITH YOUR CARRIER FOR ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS THAT MAY APPLY.

USDOT GROUND DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION) PROPER SHIPPING NAME (DOT) : Paint HAZARDS CLASS : 3 UN/NA NUMBER : UN1263 PACKING GROUP : PG II EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE (ERG) : 128

IATA (AIR) DOT (INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORTATION ASSOCIATION) PROPER SHIPPING NAME : Paint HAZARDS CLASS : 3 UN/NA NUMBER : UN1263 PACKING GROUP : PG II EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE (ERG) : 128

IMDG (OCEAN) PROPER SHIPPING NAME : Paint HAZARDS CLASS : 3 UN/NA NUMBER : UN1263 PACKING GROUP : PG II EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE (ERG) : 128

MARINE POLLUTANT : No **SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS :** P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. P235 Keep cool.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US FEDERAL REGULATIONS All ingredients in Section #3 are TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) listed.

OSHA HAZARDS : Flammable liquid, Moderate skin irritant, Moderate eye irritant, Carcinogen. **EPCRA - Emergency**

CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY

This product contains:	Chemical CAS#
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3
Ethyl Acetate 99%	141-78-6
Isobutyl Alcohol	78-83-1
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity : This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard SARA 313 :

This product contains:	Chemical CAS#
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3
P.M. Acetate	108-65-6
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4
Ethyl Acetate 99%	141-78-6
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0

CLEAN AIR ACT:

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) :

Skin Sens. Cat. 1;	H31/
Eye Irrit. Cat.2;	H319
STOT SE Cat. 3;	H336
Reprod. Tox. Cat 1B;	H360
Acute Tox. Cat. 3;	H402

NATIONAL REGULATIONS

Indicates a chemical listed by IARC as a possible carcinogen.

STATE REGULATIONS **CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

*This product contains (a) chemical (s) known to the State of California to cause cancer.

#This product contains (a) chemical (s) known to the State of California to be carcinogenic.

+This product contains (a) chemical (s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Massachusetts Right to Know

This product contains	Chemical CAS#
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3
Isobutyl Alcohol	78-83-1
Acetylacetone	123-54-6

Pennsylvania Right to Know

This product contains	Chemical CAS#
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3
P.M. Acetate	108-65-6
Isobutyl Alcohol	78-83-1
Acetylacetone	123-54-6
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	77-58-7
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5

New Jersey Right to Know

This product contains	Chemical CAS#
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3
P.M. Acetate	108-65-6
Ethyl Acetate 99%	141-78-6
Isobutyl Alcohol	78-83-1
Acetylacetone	123-54-6
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	77-58-7
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Other Product Information

% Volatile by Volume: 79.11 % Solids by volume: 20.89 % Exempt by Volume: 0.00 % Volatile by Weight: 72.94 % Solids by Weight: 27.06 % Exempt by Weight: 0.11

VOC CONTENT:

Excluding Exempt VOC: 695 Including Exempt VOC: 695

HMIS RATING	
Health :	2*
Flammability :	3
Reactivity :	0
Personal Protection :	Н

NFPA CODES

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